

Ottawa River
Regulation
Planning Board

Commission de planification de la régularisation de la rivière des Outaouais

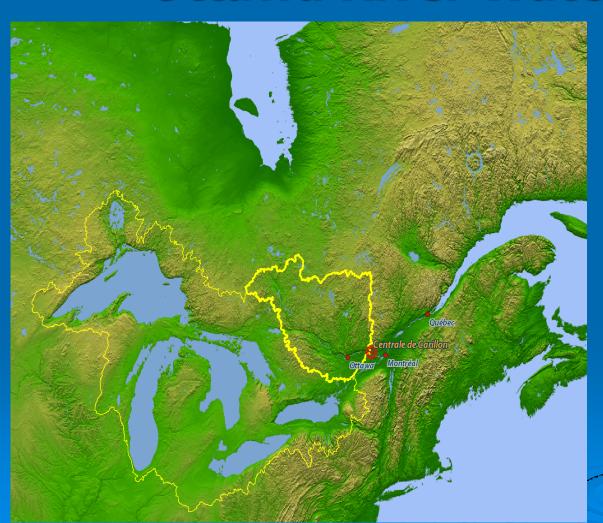
Limits to the Regulation of the Ottawa River 2019 Spring Flood Overview

Ottawa River Regulation Secretariat

Michael Sarich

Manon Lalonde

Ottawa River Watershed



SPRING FLOODS VARY

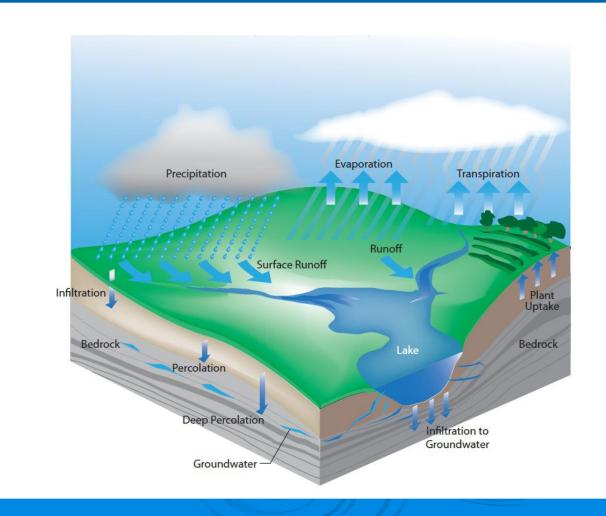
<u>1950-2018</u>:

Maximum daily flow at Carillon dam varied between 3,635 and 9,094 m³/s

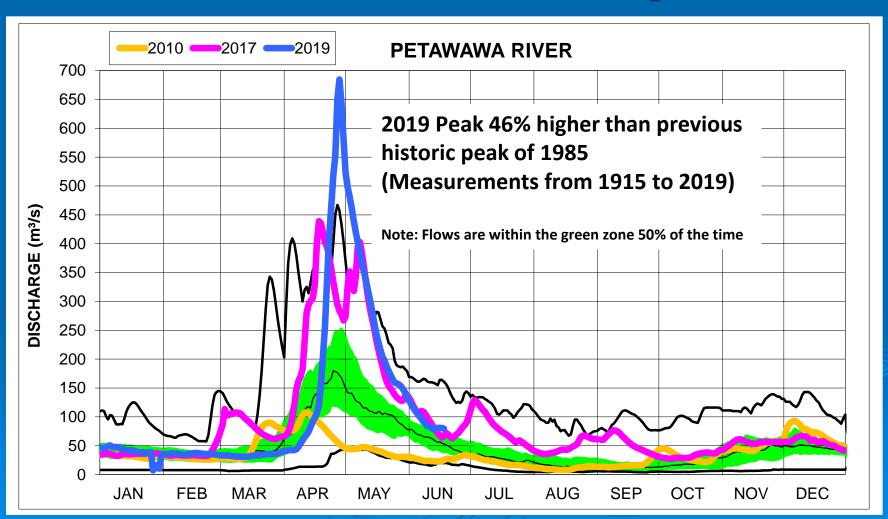
<u>In 2019</u>:

Maximum daily flow on April 30th 9,217 m³/s

The Water Cycle



Natural Variability



What about Flow Regulation?



- Reservoirs: large bodies of water that are used to:
 - Release water during winter
 - Retain water in the spring
- Flow regulation
 - Increase flows during winter
 - Reduce flows during spring
- > 1983 Agreement
 - Integrated management

The 1983 Canada-Ontario Quebec Agreement established:

- Ottawa River Regulation Planning Board
- Ottawa River Regulating Committee
- Ottawa River Regulation Secretariat



- ➤ Main role: to ensure that the flow from the <u>principal</u> reservoirs of the Ottawa River Basin are managed on an integrated basis: minimize impacts floods & droughts
- > Secondary role: to ensure hydrological forecasts are made available to the public and government agencies for preparation of flood related messages

How is the Planning Board structured?

Ottawa River Regulation
Planning Board

 Administrative and general policy function

Ottawa River

Regulating Committee*

> Operational unit

* Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry is an Associate Member **Ottawa River**

Regulation Secretariat

Executive unit : supports the Regulating Committee and Planning Board

Planning Board Members

Quebec

Ministère de l'Environnement, et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques (MELCC)

Hydro-Québec

Canada

Public Services and Procurement Canada

Canadian Coast Guard

Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC)

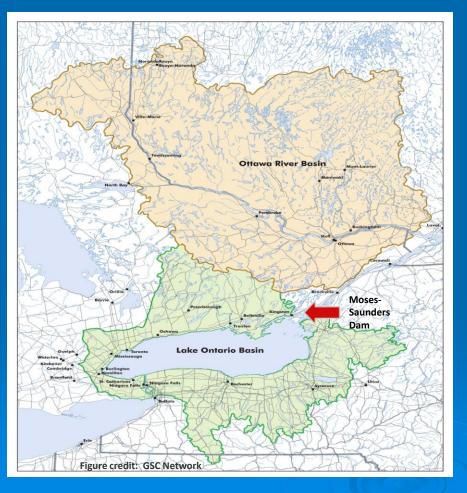
Ontario

Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF)

Ontario Power Generation

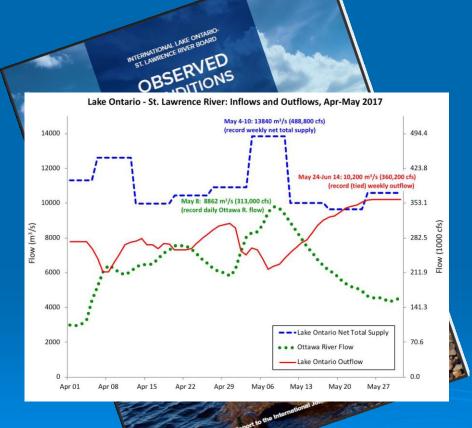
- > Planning Board reports to three parties that signed the 1983 Agreement
 - Ministers of MELCC, ECCC and MNRF

Mandate include Liaison with the International Lake Ontario — St. Lawrence River Board (ILO-SLRB)



- During spring freshet:
 - Ottawa River has considerable effect on the flows of the St. Lawrence and Montreal archipelago
 - Ottawa River forecasts are used as input for the management of Lake Ontario outflow into the St. Lawrence (based on Plan 2014)
- > ILO- SLRB reports to the IJC
 - 6 members (3 Canada, 3 USA) https://ijc.org/en/loslrb

Control of Lake Ontario Outflows



Minimizing impacts of floods

- Lake Ontario outflow is reduced when Ottawa River flows are high – in accordance with ILO-SLRB operational rules
- Lake Ontario outflows have no impact on the Ottawa River
 - Integrated management of the Ottawa River basin reservoirs is solely focused on the Ottawa River for the spring freshet period
- Reducing Lake Ontario outflow when Ottawa River flows are high was done prior to Plan-2014

Operators of the Principal Reservoirs

Operators of the 13 largest reservoirs under the 1983 agreement:





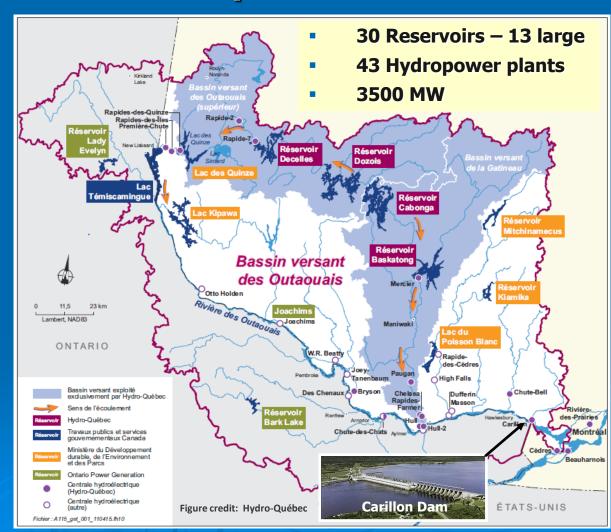


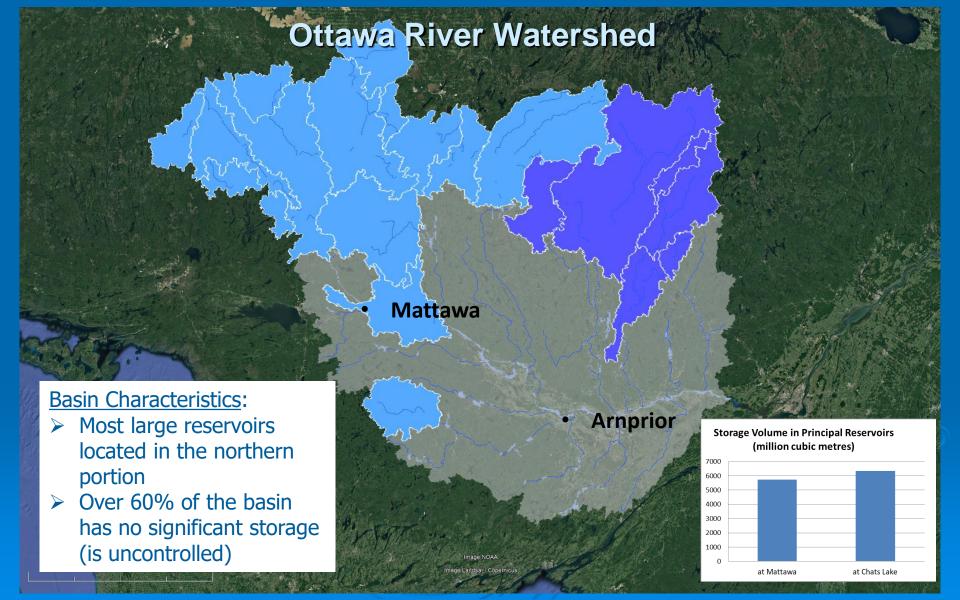


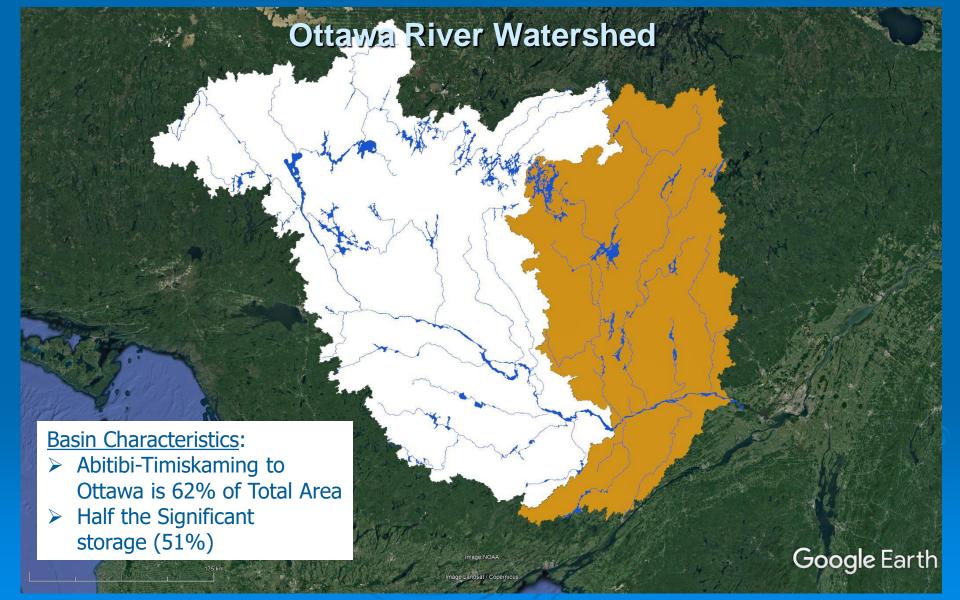
Gouvernement du Canada

Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry is an Associate Member on the Regulating Committee

- Contributes hydrometeorological information
- Disseminates flood forecast information in Ontario







Types of Structures



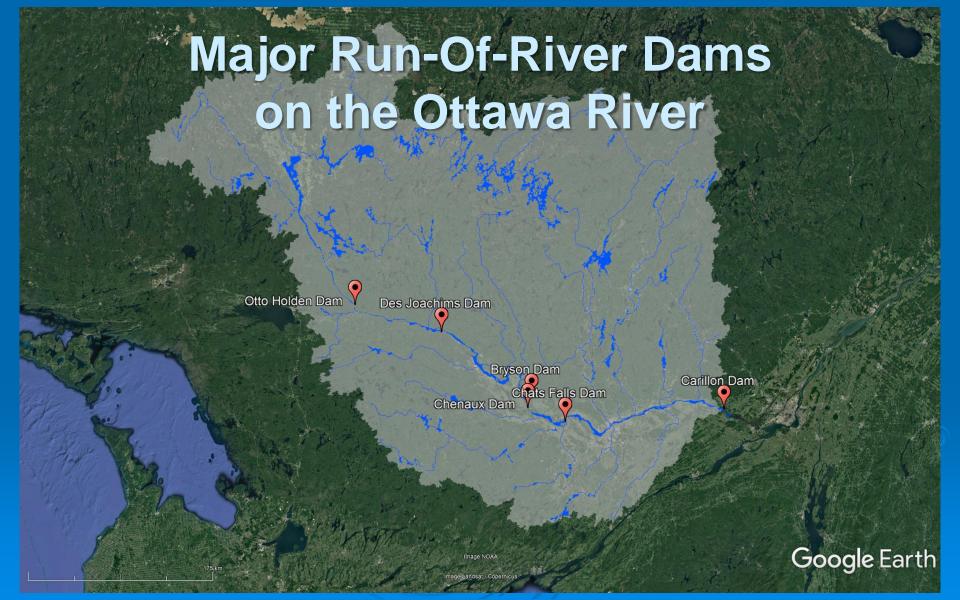
Run-Of-River Dams

spring runoff
(Carillon, Chats Falls,
Chenaux, Bryson, Des
Joachims, Otto Holden)



Reservoir Dams

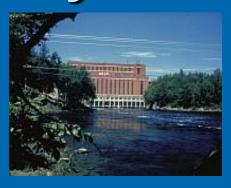
Capacity to store a portion of the spring runoff (Baskatong, Dozois, Des Quinze, Timiskaming, etc.)



Reservoir Management Annual Cycle









Winter

Winter drawdown and preparation for the spring freshet

Spring

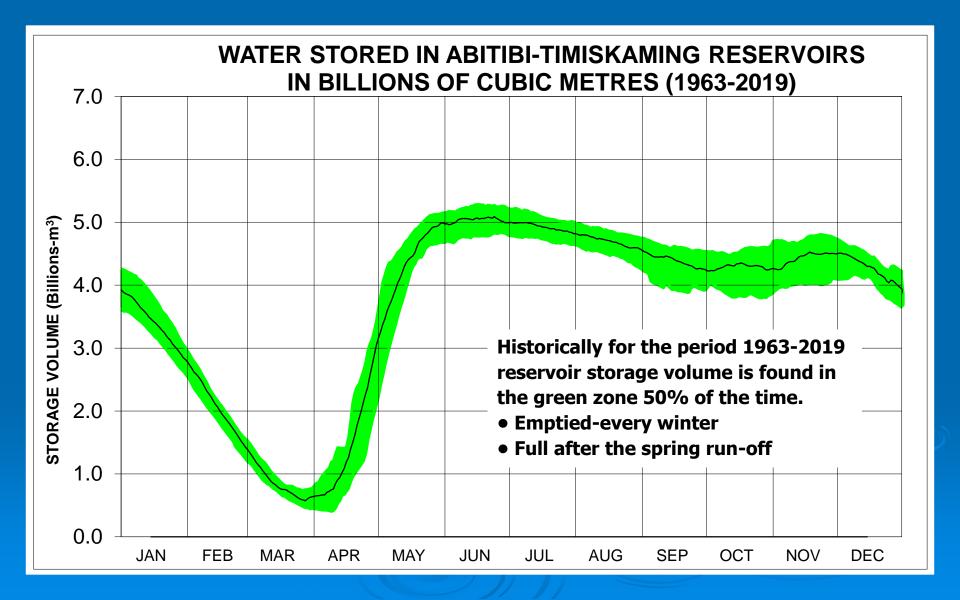
Refill and retention of water to reduce downstream flow

Summer

Summer level management and drought mitigation

Fall

Operations for fall flood control and reservoir refill



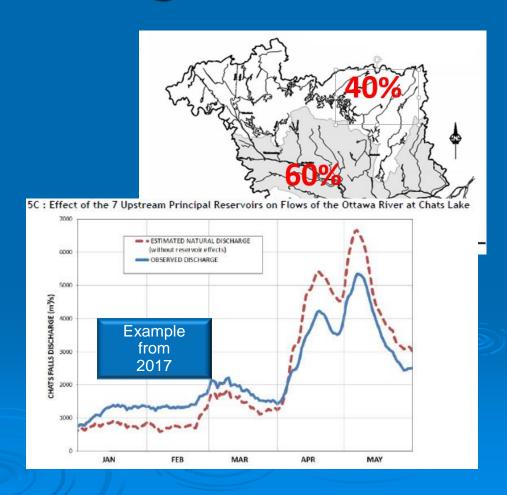
Limits of Flow Regulation

Flooding occurs when:

- Spring runoff greatly exceeds the size of reservoirs
- There is significant spring runoff in areas where there are no reservoirs

Flooding extent and duration:

- Is always reduced
- Eliminated in many years



Daily work of the Regulating Committee

Collect all information relevant to flow forecasting (Secretariat)



Run flow models(Hydro-Québec and Secretariat)





- Assess forecast conditions(weather, inflows and levels/flow rates) and optimize holding back to spring runoff in reservoirs to reduce flows downstream to maximize flood alleviation (Regulating Committee)
- Disseminate river conditions forecast to responsible authorities and the public (Secretariat and MNRF – Surface Water Monitoring Centre)

Communicating the Coming Flood Risk

- 1. Always to Responsible Government Agencies first
 - ON MNRF, Surface Water Monitoring Centre
 - QC Sécurité civile, COG
 - Municipalities (Courtesy Calls)
- 2. Traditional Media
 - Television, Radio and Newspapers
- 3. Website
 - Record internet usage
 - Twitter

1 - Flood-related Messages

Look for local conservation authorities and MNRF district office flood-related messages







2 — Keeping the Public Informed of the **Risk of Flooding**

- 6 Press Releases in 2019
- 11 April—Start of the spring freshet
- First peak warning of the risk of flooding:
 - 16 April— levels similar to the first peak of 2017
 - 18 April— levels similar to the peak of 2017
 - 25 April— level possibly exceeding those of 2017
- Second peak—two notices:
 - 3 May- Levels are high with potential for further increases
 - 9 May- Historic flooding from Mattawa down to Lac Deschenes





Regulation Planning Board

de la régularisation de la rivière des Outaouais

HISTORIC FLOOD RISK ON THE OTTAWA RIVER Abitibi-Timiskaming region and Mattawa down to Lac Deschenes

OTTAWA/GATINEAU, Thursday May 9, 2019 — The Ottawa River Regulating Committee warns that most reservoirs in the Abitibi-Timiskaming region are now filled and that excess waters from these areas are now flowing through the downstream river system. With significant rainfall of 25 to 45 mm forecast to begin today over much of the watershed, water levels on the Ottawa River between Mattawa and Lac Deschenes are expected to continue to increase over the next few days and reach a peak that may exceed previous historic record levels.

Based on the current forecast the following conditions are expected along the Ottawa River:

- MATTAWA: levels could exceed the historic high of 1960;
- PEMBROKE: levels could exceed the historic high of 1960;
- LAC COULONGE: levels could exceed the previous historic high of April 29, 2019;
- · CHATS LAKE: levels could exceed the previous historic high of April 30, 2019;
- LAC DESCHENES: levels could exceed the previous historic high of April 30, 2019;
- . GATINEAU (HULL) TO THE MONTREAL REGION : levels are expected to increase but should remain below the May 1, 2019 peak levels;

3 – Follow us on Twitter – twitter.com/ORRPB



3 - Daily updating of Website

RIVERS LATEST BULLETINS HOURLY DATA RESERVOIRS FORECAST FORT-COULONGE CARILLON OTTAWA

Publication: 2019-04-30 09:00

RIVER CONDITIONS FORECAST

In the Mattawa region, levels are expected to rise due to increasing flow from reservoirs in the Abitibi-Timiskaming area, with peak levels expected this Thursday or Friday. From Pembroke down to Lac Coulonge, runoff from snowmelt and precipitation is slowly decreasing with levels stabilizing close to current conditions. The peak level was reached yesterday at Lac Coulonge while peak levels will be reached today at Chats Lake and on Wednesday at Lac Deschenes. Along the lower Ottawa River, water levels are increasing due to arriving significant spring runoff from the west-central part of the basin. Combined with forecast precipitation, levels are expected to peak on Thursday or Friday. Levels should remain fairly high and stable thereafter depending on weather conditions. Reservoirs in the northern part of the watershed, which are being used to store runoff and minimize flooding downstream, are rapidly filling.

2019-04-30 09:00 Forecast Peak Levels

THIS MESSAGE WILL BE UPDATED ON APRIL 30, 2019 AT 5 P.M..

LEVELS AND FLOWS FORECAST



3 - Forecast Peak Flood Levels

Utilized in the case of exceptional flooding

- Used for the first time in 2017
- Used once again in 2019
- Published over 50 times in 2019

Look for 'Lac Deschenes / Britannia' for info relevant to Constance Bay

OTTAWA RIVER REGULATING COMMITTEE (ORRC) OTTAWA RIVER

FORECAST PEAK FLOOD LEVELS

2019-04-23 09:00

(Next update 2019-04-23 17:00)



		CURRENT LEVEL		FORECAST PEAK LEVEL		-
	2017 PEAK (m)***	DATE-TIME	LEVEL (m) **	DATE	LEVEL (m) **	CHANGE (cm) *
MATTAWA	153.96	2019-04-23 08:00	152.73	2019-05-01	154.00	127
PEMBROKE	113.03	2019-04-23 05:00	112.68	2019-04-27	113.20	52
LAC COULONGE	108.52	2019-04-23 06:45	107.60	2019-04-28	108.50	90
LAC CHATS	75.95	2019-04-23 08:00	75.33	2019-04-27	75.80	47
LAC DESCHENES/BRITANNIA	60.44	2019-04-23 08:00	59.83	2019-04-28	60.30	47
GATINEAU/HULL MARINA	45.20	2019-04-23 06:45	44.20	2019-04-29	44.60	40
THURSO	43.69	2019-04-23 06:45	43.02	2019-04-29	43.30	28
GRENVILLE/HAWKESBURY	42.81	2019-04-23 06:45	42.30	2019-04-29	42.50	20
MANIWAKI	166.10	2019-04-23 06:45	164.33	2019-04-28	165.00	67

3 - Increased Forecasting

2017: 3-day forecast at 4 locations

SITES	OBSERVATION	IS	FORECAST			
(PUBLICATION: 2017-04-27 15:31)		DATE/TIME	VALUE	2017-04-27	2017-04-28	2017-04-29
Ottawa River at Temiscaming	Flow (m³/s)			1400	1500	1500
Ottawa River at Pembroke	Level (m)	2017-04-27, 8 A.M.	112.44	112.44	112.45	112.60
Ottawa River at Britannia	Level (m)	2017-04-27, 8 A.M.	59.64	59.64	59.64	59.64
	Flow (m³/s)	2017-04-27, 8 A.M.	3650	3650	3650	3650
Ottawa River at Carillon	Flow (m^3/s)	2017-04-27, 8 A.M.	5684	5600	5600	5650

2019: 4-day forecast at 6 locations

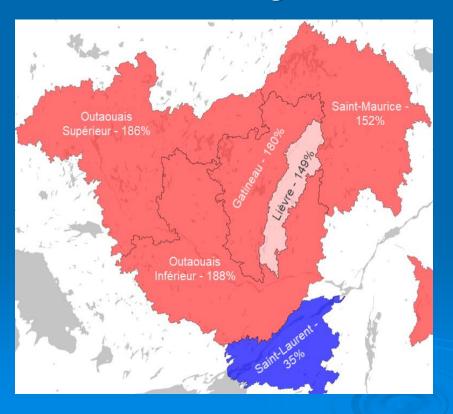
(PUBLICATION: 2019-05-06 18:22)		DATE/TIME	VALUE	2019-05-06	2019-05-07	2019-05-08	2019-05-09
Ottawa River at Temiscaming	Flow (m ³ /s)			2600	2800	2900	2900
Ottawa River at Pembroke	Level (m)	2019-05-06, 8 A.M.	113.33	113.35	113.50	113.55	113.60
Lake Coulonge at Fort- Coulonge	Level (m)	2019-05-06, 8 A.M.	108.74	108.78	108.85	108.95	109.05
Chats Lake at Arnprior	Level (m)	2019-05-06, 8 A.M.	75.99	76.00	76.00	76.03	76.05
Lake Deschenes at Britannia	Level (m)	2019-05-06, 8 A.M.	60.45	60.40	60.38	60.40	60.45
(Ottawa)	Flow (m ³ /s)	2019-05-06, 8 A.M.	5393	5350	5250	5300	5350
Ottawa River at Carillon	Flow (m ³ /s)	2019-05-06, 8 A.M.	8150	8100	7900	7850	7850

Events of 2019



Winter 2019 - Freshet Preparation

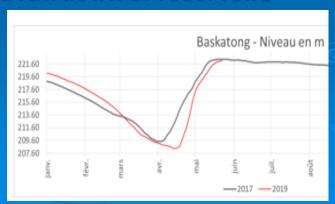
Snow on the Ground April 1st % of Average



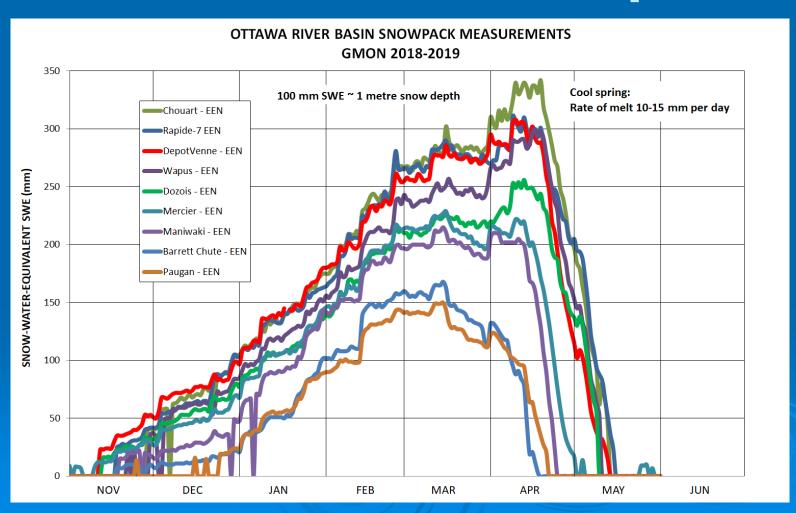
Snowpack measurements



Drawdown of reservoirs



Winter 2019 – Freshet Preparation

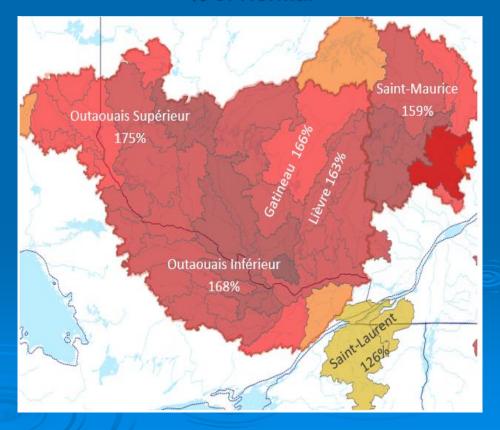


Spring Freshet 2019

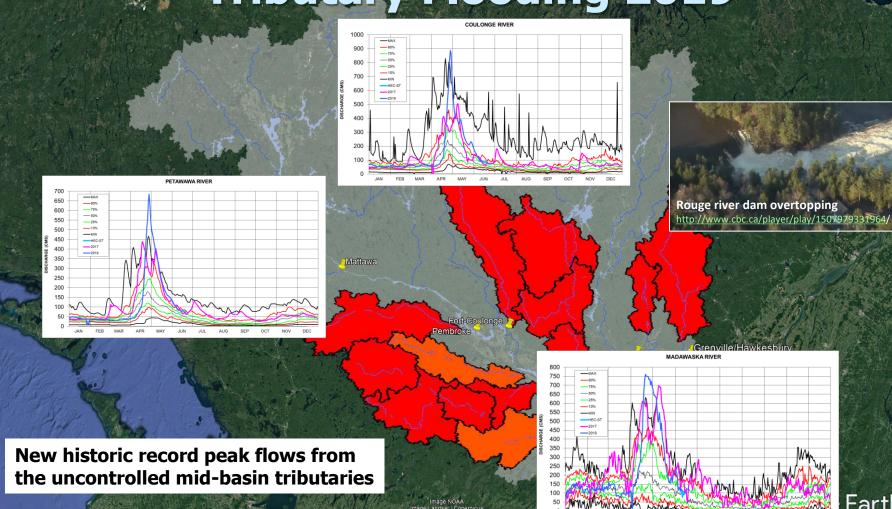
Excess precipitation over the whole basin

- Precipitation forecasts limited over 1 week in advance
- Historic tributary peaks!

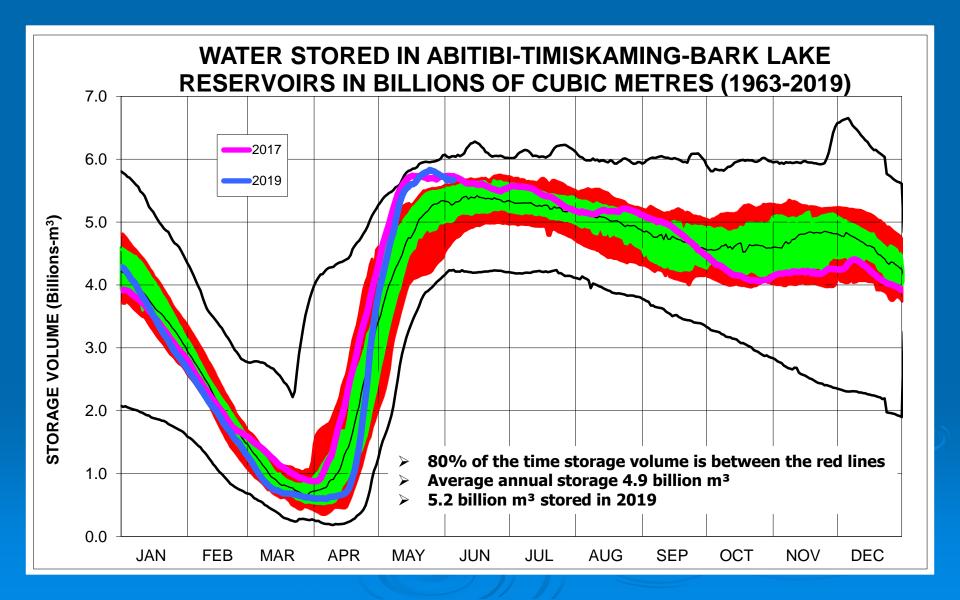
Total Precipitation from April 1st to May 27th % of Normal



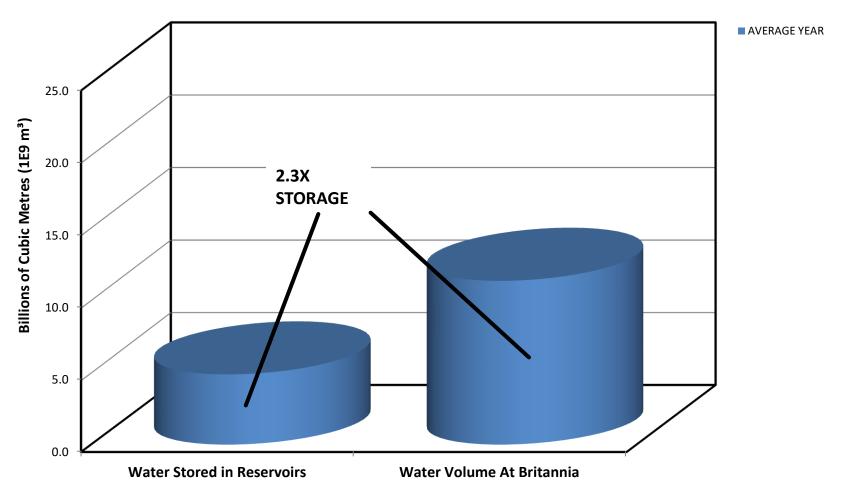
Tributary Flooding 2019



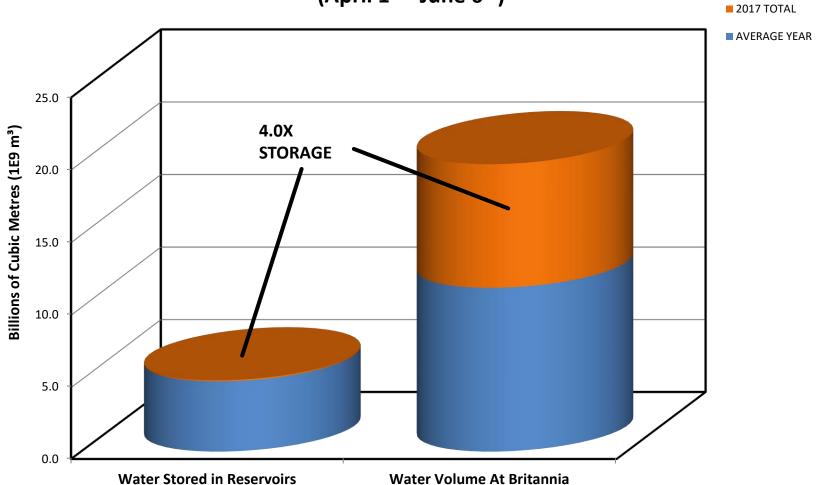
Earth

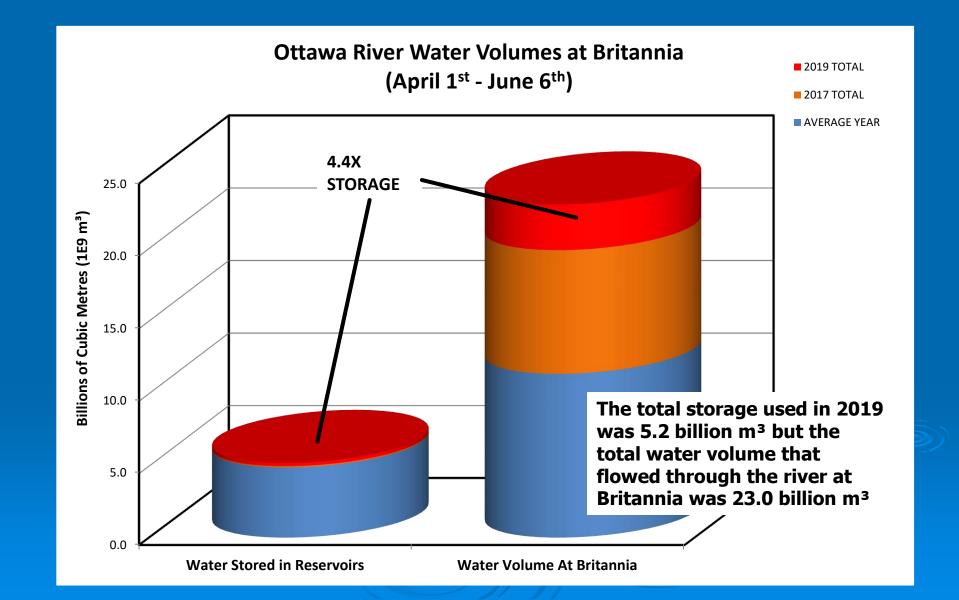


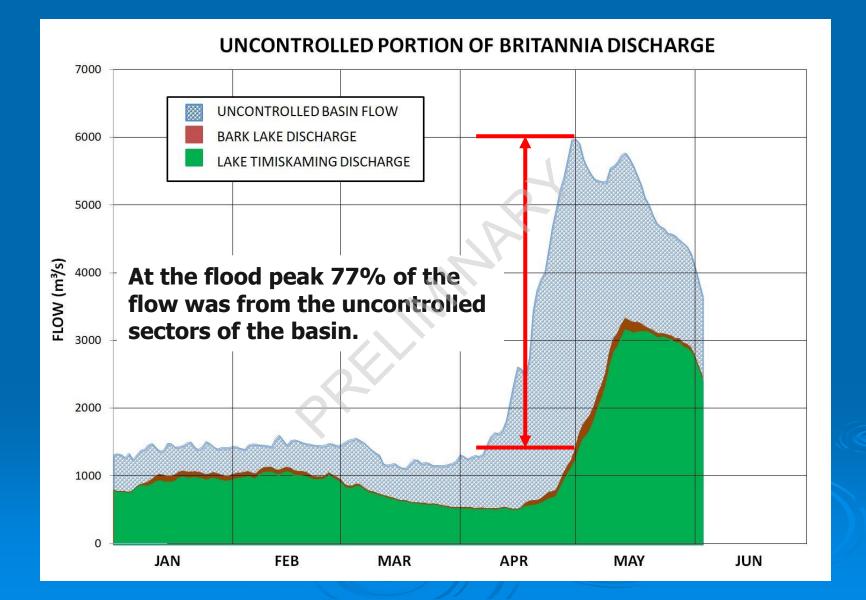
Ottawa River Water Volumes at Britannia (April 1st - June 6th)

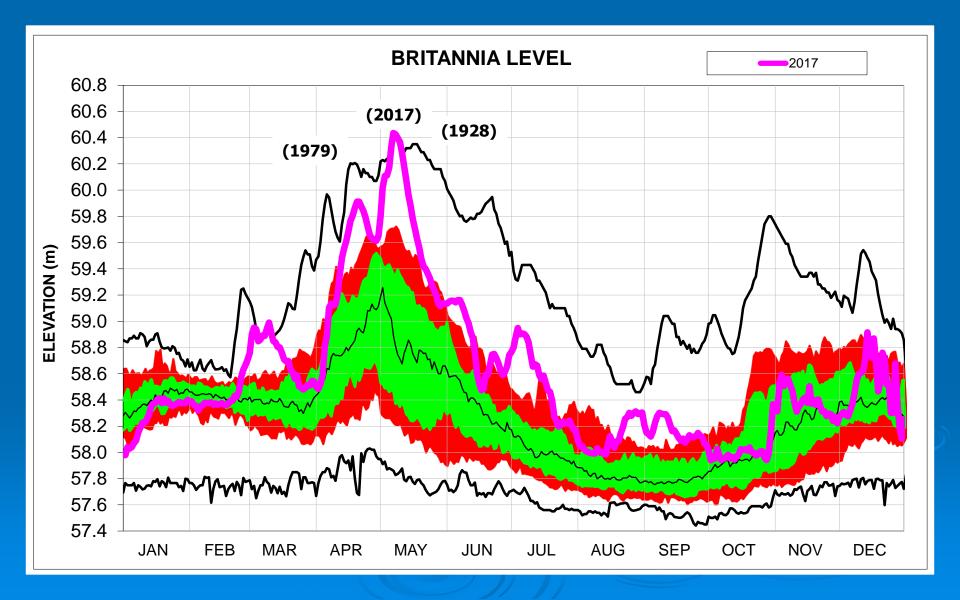


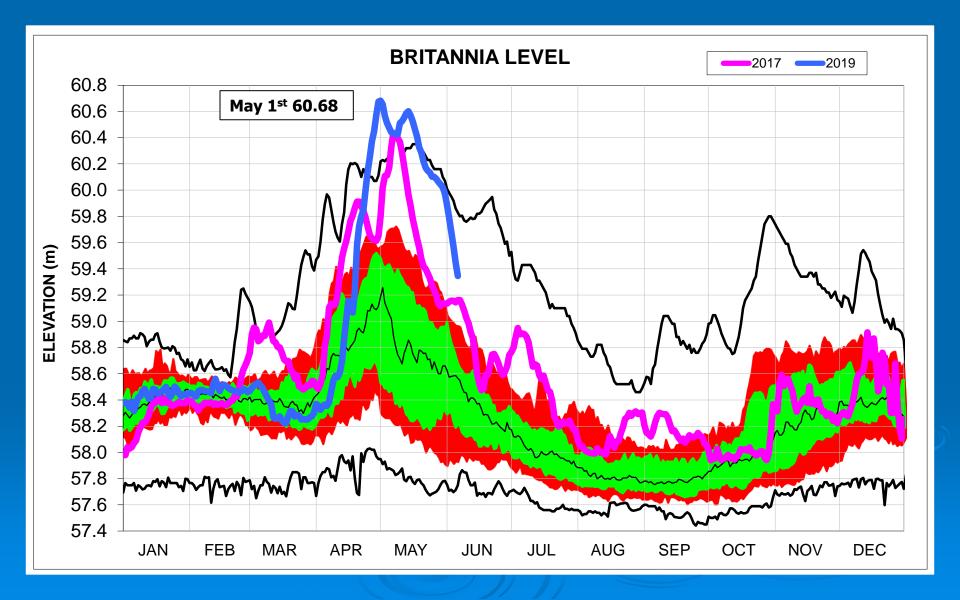
Ottawa River Water Volumes at Britannia (April 1st - June 6th)



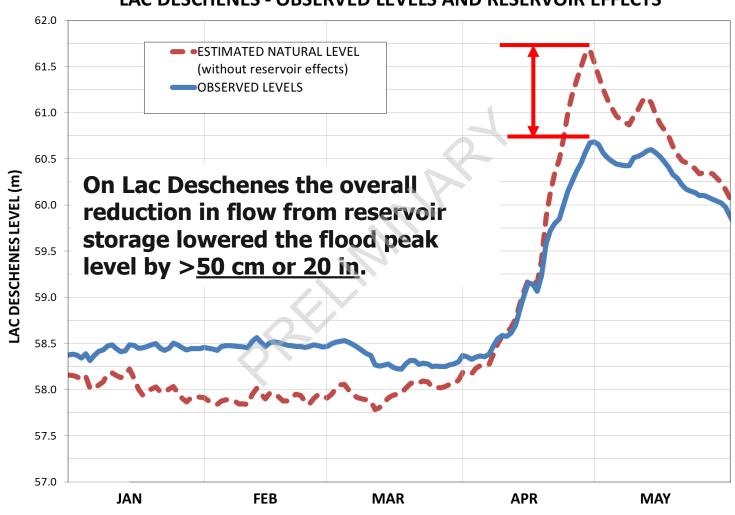




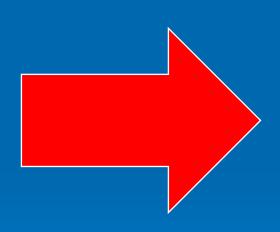




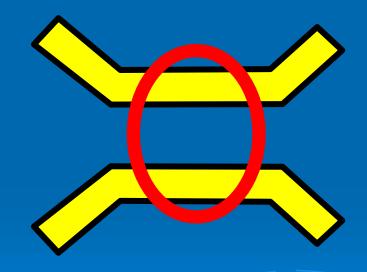
LAC DESCHENES - OBSERVED LEVELS AND RESERVOIR EFFECTS



What determines the level in my area?



Arriving Upstream Flow



Downstream Constrictions (Control Point)

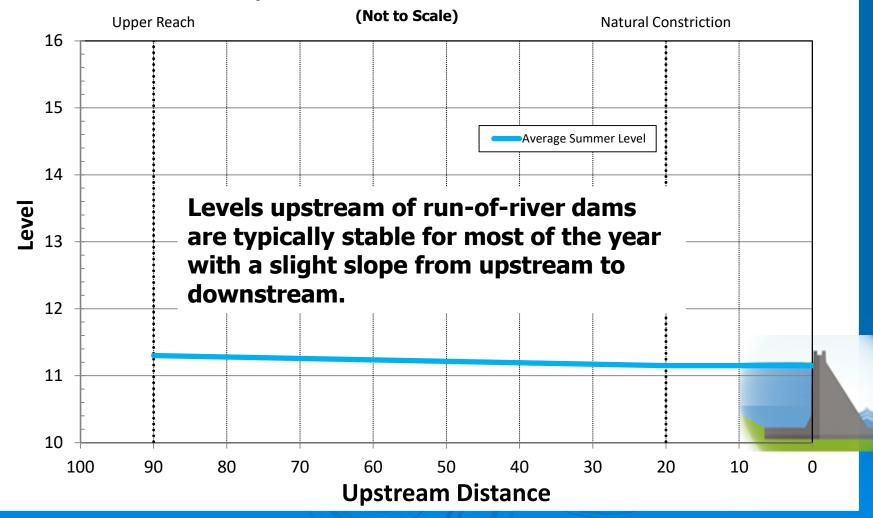
Natural River Narrowing's Restrict the Passage of Water



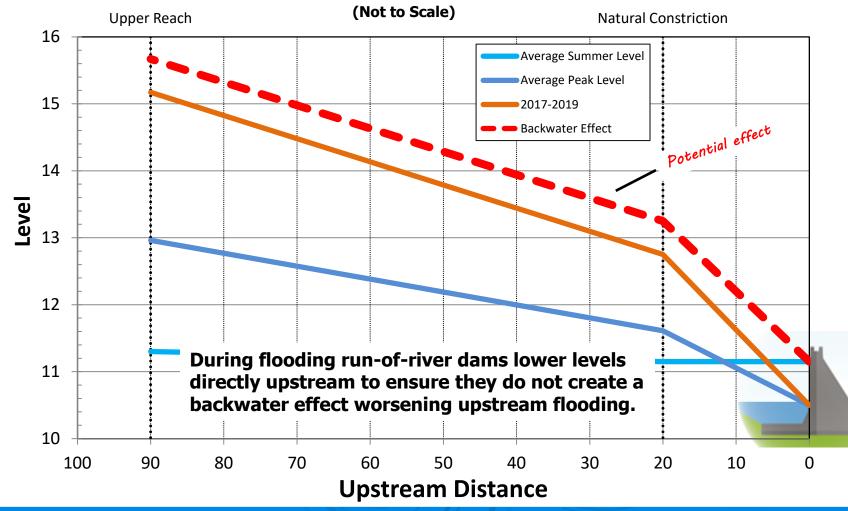


- Narrowing's cause water to back up (similar to a funnel)
- Before river flows become high, run-of-river dam's lower their level above the dam and conditions return to a near natural state

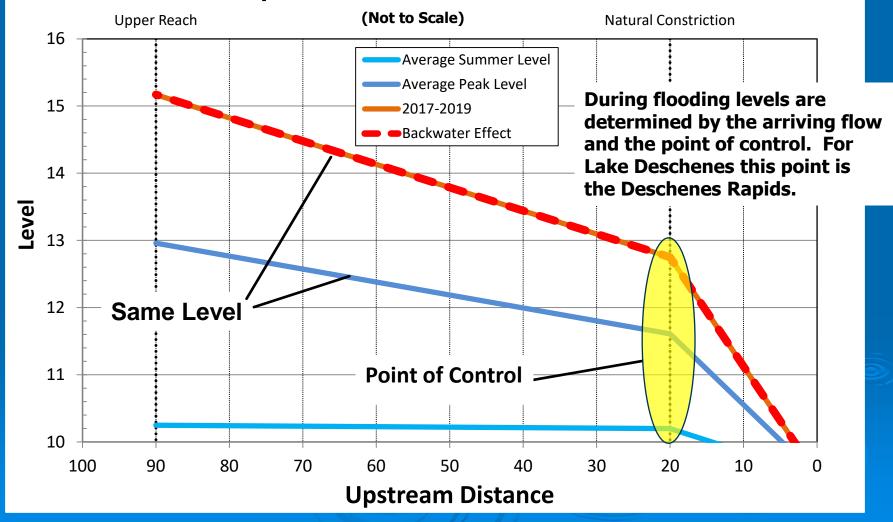
Upstream Water Level Profile

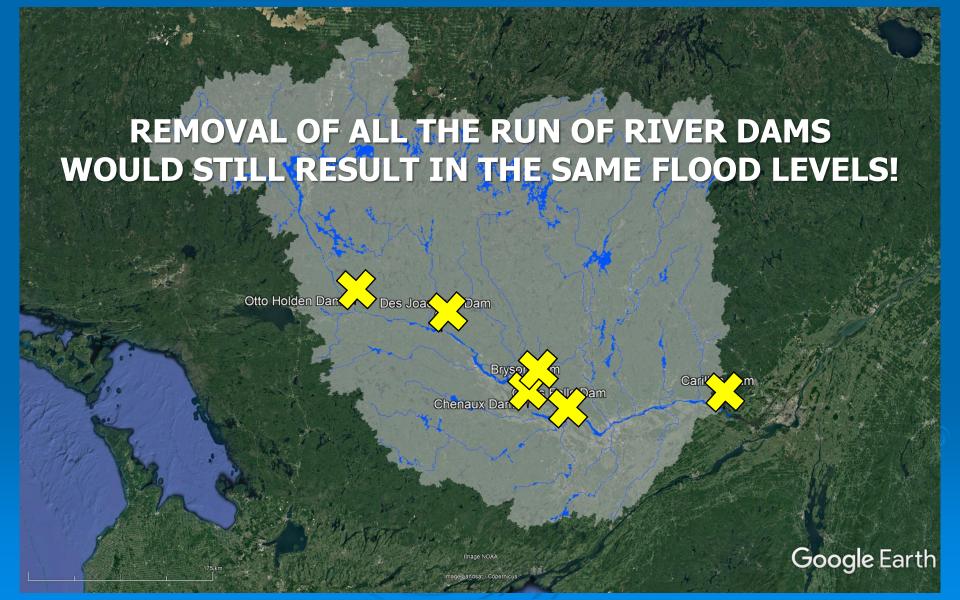


Upstream Water Level Profile



Upstream Water Level Profile





Lake Deschenes – Natural Lake

- Water levels are determined by
 - the upstream river flow rate
 - the natural river narrowing at Deschenes rapids
- Ring Dam at Chaudière Falls Does not affect lake levels
 - during normal <u>or</u> flood conditions
- Carillon Dam Affects water levels up to Hull
 - during normal conditions
 - but not during flood conditions (given operational levels are lowered)
- Conditions downstream (Hull, Carillon, Great Lakes) No effect on Lake Deschenes levels

Exceptional Spring Flooding

- Historic flooding from Pembroke down to Montreal
 - Record levels recorded at Pembroke, Westmeath/Lac Coulonge, Chats Lake, Britannia beach, Mattawa highest since 1960
 - Level in Gatineau/Hull similar to 2017
 - Highest since start of recording in 1964
 - Flow rate at Carillon dam similar to 2017
 - Probably the highest flow in recorded history (1880's->)
- Exceptional floods occurred in 20's, 50's, 70's, 2017 and 2019
 - Other exceptional floods are to be expected in the future

Floods of the past



Flooding on the Ottawa River occurred before dams were built

Risks of Living in the Floodplain

Should be 1% called the 1%

Risk over a 50-yr Period

Over a 50-year period, there's 40% chance of getting a 100-yr flood event at least once

100-yr Flood

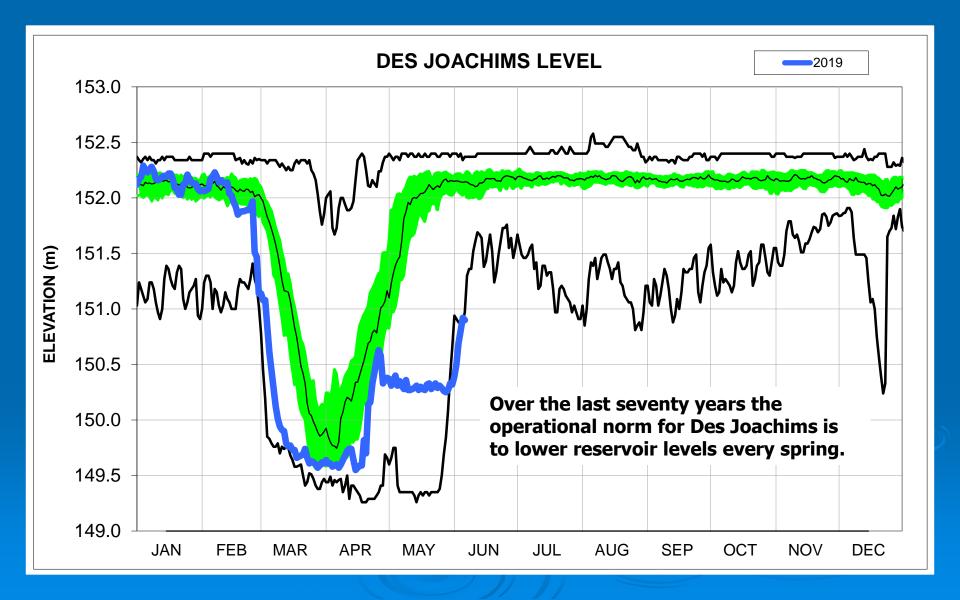
Is actually a 1% flood, meaning that on any given year, there is a 1% chance of having a flood of this magnitude

Limitations of Regulation

- Size of reservoirs smaller than spring runoff, large portion of the watershed uncontrolled
- Flooding cannot be prevented
- Peak of the flood is substantially reduced
- Amount of precipitation, rate of snowmelt and natural stream characteristics are main factors in flood levels
- > Meteorological factors are known only a few days ahead

Dam Mismanagement?

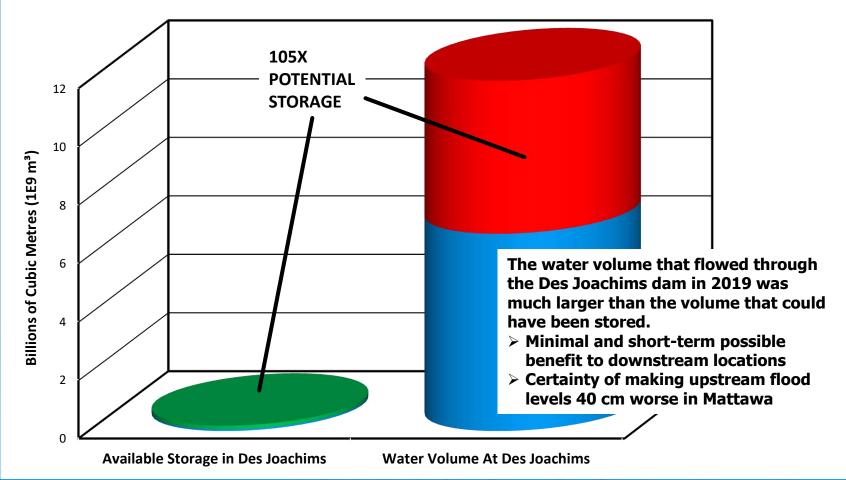








AVERAGE YEAR





Information

Current Water levels
Toll free number 24 hours per day

Ottawa-Gatineau

Outside

613-995-3443

English 1 800 778-1246

613-995-3455

French

1 800 778-1243

Flow forecasts during freshet

Web Site: http://www.ottawariver.ca

Twitter @ORRPB

Ottawa River Regulation Secretariat 373 Sussex Dr, Block E1, Room E120 Ottawa, Ontario

Email: secretariat@ottawariver.ca